Title Page

* *The Design and Optimization of a Scalable National Product Information Management System for the NHS*
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Abstract

* Concise summary of the thesis objectives, methods, findings, and conclusions.

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Acknowledgments:

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# Chapter 1: Introduction

## 1.1 Introduction to research

In modern day healthcare systems, efficient and standardized procurement processes are necessary in ensuring availability of medical supplies, medicines, devices, and equipment essential for the delivery of high-quality care. A critical part of the procurement process is the effective management of product information, taking into account product specifications, cost and pricing, identifiers, supplier details and production information. The primary healthcare provider in the United Kingdom, the National Health Service (NHS), is plagued with challenges especially in effectively managing product information across its vast network of trusts, hospitals, clinics, and healthcare facilities.

Due to the absence of a unified and scalable system, product information management within the NHS is characterized by lack of standardization, inconsistency, inefficiency, and fragmentation, with disparate infrastructure and processes essentially leading to difficulties accessing accurate and up-to-date product information. This leads to delays in procurement, disruptions in the supply chain, and poor decision-making, ultimately affecting patient care and outcomes. Hence, it is imperative to address these pressing challenges and improve the management of product information within the NHS’ procurement ecosystem.

## 1.2 Problem Statement

The NHS is faced with challenges in managing product information within its procurement processes. These challenges include but are not limited to, a lack of standardized data formats and identifiers, disparate information scattered across repositories in different departments and healthcare trusts, manual processes for accessing and updating product information. Consequently, healthcare practitioners face difficulties in finding the right products at the right time, causing delays in care and inefficient resource allocation.

The absence of a centralized and scalable system for managing product information poses an obstruction to interoperability and efficient exchange of data with external stakeholders e.g. suppliers, regulatory bodies, patients, and other healthcare organizations. This lack of integration and interoperability brings to fore, the challenges the NHS faces in maintaining accurate and reliable product information throughout its procurement lifecycle.

## 1.3 Motivation for research

This research is primarily motivated by the pressing need to address the challenges the NHS faces in product information management within its procurement process. Efficient management of the procurement process is essential for an effective and functioning healthcare system. For a healthcare system such as the NHS, where resources are stretched thin, optimizing the procurement system is essential for ensuring access to products, medical supplies, and equipment.

The implementation of a scalable national product information management system will enhance procurement efficiency, ensure patient safety, and care quality, meet regulatory requirements, foster collaboration, and drive innovation within the UK’s health system.

## 1.4 Background of the research problem

* + Overview of historical context of NHS procurement practices
  + Overview of relevant literature and research on healthcare procurement and information management

## 1.5 Significance of the study.

The significance of a study on the design and optimization of a scalable national product information management (PIM) system for the NHS cannot be overemphasized. By streamlining procurement systems through the implementation of a national PIM system, the NHS can increase its efficiency, minimize administrative burdens, and improve the overall procurement process.

A centralized and up-to-date product information management system will provide healthcare practitioners with reliable information about medical devices and products, pharmaceuticals, and equipment, thereby minimizing the risk of errors, and further ensuring patient safety.

Furthermore, a scalable national product information system has the potential to ensure optimization of the supply chain by enhancing interoperability and collaboration between healthcare providers, suppliers, and other stakeholders critical to ensuring the delivery of service within the NHS. A seamless data exchange and real-time access to accurate product information will foster transparency and accountability across the procurement ecosystem.

Additionally, embracing the implementation of innovative technologies and digital solutions such as a product information management system can help the NHS leverage opportunities in advanced analytics, artificial intelligence, and automation in order to optimize the procurement process, identify cost saving opportunities, and position itself at the forefront of healthcare innovation.

Overall, this study has the potential to revolutionize the healthcare procurement and information management process, improve patient outcomes, and advance healthcare delivery not just within the NHS but globally.

## 1.6 Aims and Objectives of research.

### 1.6.1 Aims

The primary aims of this research are as follows:

* 1. To analyse the existing product information management practices within the National Health Service (NHS) procurement ecosystem, identifying key challenges and assessing the needs and requirements of stakeholders.
  2. To design a conceptual framework for a scalable national product information management (PIM) system tailored to the needs and requirements of the NHS.
  3. To develop the proposed PIM system, leveraging advanced database management technologies and methodologies to ensure scalability, optimization, and usability in a real-world healthcare setting.
  4. To evaluate the effectiveness of the PIM system in improving procurement processes, supply chain management, and patient care outcomes within the NHS through testing and user feedback.
  5. To provide recommendations and guidelines for the implementation and adoption of the national product information management system within the NHS.

### 1.6.2 Objectives

The primary objectives of this research are as follows:

1. To conduct a comprehensive analysis and needs assessment to identify key requirements and challenges within the NHS’ procurement ecosystem.
2. To design and develop a scalable product information management system tailored to the specific needs and requirements of the NHS.
3. To evaluate the effectiveness and impact of the developed system on improving NHS procurement and supply chain operations.
4. To provide recommendations and best practices for the implementation of the national product information management system within the NHS.
5. To contribute to the body of knowledge in healthcare procurement and information management.

## 1.7 Research Questions

This research will be guided by the following questions:

1. What are the key challenges faced by the NHS in managing product information within its procurement processes?
2. How can the implementation of a national product information management system improve procurement efficiency within the NHS?
3. What are the essential features and functionalities required in a scalable product information management system tailored to the needs of the NHS?

Chapter 2: Literature Review

### 2.1 Introduction to literature review

* + Overview of importance of literature review in informing the research
  + Explanation of scope and objectives of the literature review chapter

### 2.2 Review of relevant literature and existing research on the topic.

* + Healthcare Procurement Practices
  + Challenges in NHS Procurement
  + Product Information Management Systems
  + Scalability in Database Systems
  + Optimization strategies for database systems
  + Case studies and best practices
  + Summary of key findings and gaps in the literature.

Chapter 3: Needs Assessment/Business Rules

### 3.1 Introduction to Needs Assessment

* + - Overview of purpose and scope of needs assessment
    - Explanation of importance of needs assessment for the development of the NHS national PIM system.

### 3.2 Identification of Stakeholders

* + - Description of stakeholders involved in NHS procurement processes.
    - Identification of key stakeholders whose needs and requirements must be considered in the development of the PIM system.

### 3.3 Stakeholder needs and requirement analysis

* + - Analysis of needs of each stakeholder group
    - Discussion of how stakeholder needs will inform the design and functionality of the system.

### 3.4 Assessment of the current state or problem within the NHS procurement system.

* + - Evaluation of existing processes, technologies, and systems within NHS
    - Evaluation of the compatibility and interoperability of current systems with the proposed national PIM system
    - Identification of inefficiencies, gaps, and opportunities for improvement

### 3.5 Legal and Regulatory Requirements

* + - Overview of legal and regulatory requirements relevant to PIM in healthcare
    - Analysis of compliance obligations, standards, and regulations governing data privacy, security, and interoperability.
    - Influence of legal and regulatory considerations on the design and implementation of the NHS PIM system.

### 3.6 Summary of NA findings

Chapter 4: Design and Modelling

### 4.1 Introduction to system design

* + Overview of purpose and scope of system design phase
  + Explanation of importance of a well-designed system in meeting stakeholders’ needs and requirements.

### 4.2 Database Architecture

* + Description of proposed database architecture for the NHS national PIM system
  + Explanation of the database structure, including tables, fields, and relationships
  + Discussion of choice of relational Database technology and suitability for managing product information in healthcare

### 4.3 Data Modelling

* + Overview of data modelling process for the PIM system
  + Entity-Relationship model
  + Identification and definition of key entities, attributes, and relationships

### 4.4 Scalability

* + analysis of scalability requirements
  + discussion of scalability challenges and solutions in database design
  + description of strategies for ensuring scalability of the database architecture

### 4.5 Introduction to Optimization Strategies

* + Overview of the importance of optimizationnin DB systems
  + Explanation of objectives of optimization strategies in the context of the PIM system

Discussion of optimization techniques employed to enhance system performance and scalability. (query optimization, Indexing, Minimizing redundant data retrieval, etc.)

### 4.6 User Interface

* + overview of user interface design for the NHS national PIM system
  + description of the UI components, layout, and navigation.
  + discussion on usability principles and best practices in interface design to enhance user experience.

### 4.7 Integration with GS1 certified data pools

* + Explanation of how the PIM system will integrate with GS1 certified datapools.
  + description of data exchange protocols, standards and interfaces used for interoperability.
  + Description of the benefits of integrating GS1 standards for product identification and synchronization

One of the purposes of deploying GS1 data standards is to improve data accuracy and consistency across multiple systems. The use of GS1 standards will also act as an enabler for Automatic Identification and Data Capture (AIDC) technology, which is used to correctly identify a product at the point of use.

### 4.8 Summary of System Design

* + summary of key design decisions and considerations
  + identification of design principles and strategies aimed at meeting stakeholder needs and achieving system objectives
  + transitioning to implementation phase, highlighting how the system design will guide the development of the system

Chapter 5: Implementation

### 5.1 Introduction to Implementation

* + Overview of implementation phase and significance in bringing proposed PIM system to life
  + Explanation of the objectives and scope of the implementation process

### 5.2 System Development

* + Description of the development lifecycle followed for implementing the PIM system

### 5.3 Database Implementation

* + steps involved in implementing database infrastructure
  + description of the process i.e. database creation, configuration, and optimization
  + Discussion of challenges encountered during implementation

### 5.4 Integration with External Systems

* + Overview of the integration process for connecting PIM system with external systems and data sources
  + Description of standards and protocols used to facilitate interoperability
  + Discussion of integration requirements and considerations for data exchange with GS1 certified datapools and other external systems

### 5.5 User Interface development

* + Descrption of the UI development process for the PIM system
  + Overview of the design principles, UX considerations and usability testing conducted during interface development
  + Discussion on how iterative design process informed the development of the user interface

### 5.6 Testing and QA

* + explanation of the testing methodologies to validate functionality and performance of PIM system
  + description of testing phases
  + discussion of results, bug fixes, and QA measures implemented to ensure efficiency and reliability of system

### 5.7 Summary of Implementation

* + key milestones and successes
  + Challenges encountered and solutions adopted during implementation.
  + recommendations for future system implementations

Chapter 6: Evaluation and Results

### 6.1 Introduction to Evaluation

* + overview of the evaluation phase and importance in assessing the effectiveness and performance of the developed PIM system
  + Explanation of the objectives and scope of the evaluation process

### 6.2 Evaluation Metrics and Criteria

* + description of metrics and criteria used to evaluate the PIM system
  + KPI and criteria for assessing system effectiveness, usability and impact

### 6.3 Evaluation methodology

* + Overview of evaluation methods i.e. surveys or interviews employed to collect feedback from stakeholders

### 6.4 Evaluation of System Scalability

* + analysis of the scalability of the PIM system to handle increasing volumes of data and user traffic
  + description of tests for assessing system performance
  + discussion of scalability challenges and recommendations for enhancing system scalability

### 6.5 Presentation of Results

* + presentation of data collected during evaluation process
  + SWOT analysis of the PIM system

### 6.6 Comparison with objectives and requirements

* + comparison of evaluation results with objectives and requirements defined for the PIM system
  + Assessment of the extent of the system meeting stakeholder needs, fulfill project goals and addresses identified challenges

### 6.7 Summary of findings

* + Summary of key findings, insights and conclusions from evaluation phase
  + Summary of recommendations for enhancing system performance, usability and scalability

Chapter 7: Discussion and Conclusion

### 7.1 Interpretation of the findings in relation to the research objectives.

### 7.2 Discussion of implications, limitations, and future directions.

### 7.3 Summary of key findings and contributions of the thesis.

### 7.4 Recommendations for practice, policy, or further research.

References:

* List of all sources cited in the thesis (Harvard)

Appendices:

* Supplementary materials such as raw data, survey, or technical documentation.